



1. A
2. C
3. B
4. C
5. C
6. C
7. D
8. B
9. B
10. B
11. B
12. E
13. E
14. B
15. C
16. E
17. B
18. C
19. A
20. C
21. D
22. C
23. A
24. A
25. C
26. A
27. C
28. E
29. C
30. C



1. Water is running into the tank at $\frac{4}{3}$ gallons each day and running out of the tank at $\frac{2}{4}$ gallons each day. Therefore $\frac{4}{3} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{5}{6}$ gallons. **Answer choice A.**

$$\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) + 66 = x$$

2. Let x = the amount of money. Therefore, $5x + 3x + 1320 = 20x$ **Answer choice C.**
 $12x = 1320$
 $x = 110$

3. Let x = the amount invested at 9%
 $2x$ = the amount invested at 6%
 $25,000 - 3x$ = the amount invested at 8%

$$.09x + 2(.06x) + .08(25,000 - 3x) = 1850$$

$$.09x + .12x + 2,000 - .24x = 1850$$

Answer choice B.

$$-.03x = -150$$

$$x = 5000$$

4. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ -2 & 4 \\ 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \left| \frac{-3-38}{2} \right| = 20.5 \approx 21$. **Answer choice C.**

5. Keychain permutation: $\frac{(n-1)!}{2}$, Divide by 2 again (there are two R's), $\frac{(6-1)!}{2} = \boxed{30}$. **Answer choice C.**

6. By graphing and getting the intersection points, we have a trapezoid with height 4 and bases 5 and 11. Therefore the area is 32. **Answer choice C.**

7. When finding the greatest distance one must consider three points: the two bounds and the vertex. When plugging these values back into $x(t)$ we find that when $t = 4$, the particle is 62 units away, hence the greatest distance. **Answer choice D.**



$$J = 3R$$

8. $J - 1 = 4(R - 1)$ **Answer choice B.**

$$J = 9, R = 3$$

$$J = 12, R = 6$$

9. $100 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 + \pi r^2 h \Rightarrow 100 - \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \pi r^2 h \Rightarrow h = \frac{300 - 4\pi r^3}{3\pi r^2}$. **Answer choice B**

10. Bill's rate is $\frac{1}{8}$ of a sign per hour. Bob's rate is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a sign per hour. Barry's rate is $\frac{1}{6}$ of a sign per hour. Therefore,

$$\frac{1}{6}(3) + \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{7}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right) = 2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}x = \frac{3}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \text{ hours. Answer choice B.}$$

11. $\frac{156}{r} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{156}{r+9} \rightarrow r^2 + 9r - 1872 = 0 \rightarrow (r+48)(r-39) = 0 \rightarrow r = 39$ **Answer choice B.**

12. Let x = original cost. Therefore $\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)x = 5.28 \rightarrow \frac{24}{25}x = 5.28 \rightarrow x = 5.50$. **Answer E.**

13. $\sqrt{(100^2 + x^2)} = \sqrt{(60^2 + (200 - x^2))}$ **Answer Choice E.**

$$10000 + x^2 = 3600 + 40000 - 400x + x^2 \rightarrow x = 84$$

14. Solving the equations $4c + 7a = 165$ and $a + c = 27$ gives $c=8$. **Answer Choice B**

15. $\frac{90 + 90\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}{1 - \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{150}{\frac{1}{3}} = 450$. **Answer choice C.**

16. We are essentially looking for 2 to what power is equal to 32768. Continuously dividing by 2 and counting the number of times, you will get 15. **Answer choice E.**

17. There are $2n - 1$ people in the n^{th} row. Since we are dealing with the sum of the odd integers n^2 , we find $n^2 = 1600 \rightarrow n = 40$. Now, plugging in 40 we get 39. **Answer choice B.**

18. 60% of the coins are gold and 80% of the objects are coins. Therefore $(.6)(.8) = .48$ or 48% are gold coins. **Answer choice C.**



$$19. \frac{Rd^2}{1} = k \rightarrow \frac{(10)(3^2)}{65} = \frac{R(5^2)}{50} \rightarrow R = \frac{180}{65} = \frac{36}{13} \text{ Answer choice A.}$$

$$(x)^2 + (x+1)^2 + (x+2)^2 = 434$$

$$x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 1 + x^2 + 4x + 4 = 434$$

$$3x^2 + 6x + 5 = 434$$

$$20. 3x^2 + 6x - 429 = 0 \quad \text{Answer choice C.}$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 143 = 0$$

$$(x+13)(x-11) = 0$$

$$x = -13, x = 11$$

$$-13 - 12 - 11 = -36$$

$$21. k_1 = 2x^2 - 4x - k = 0 \Rightarrow (-4)^2 - 4(2)(-k) = 0 \Rightarrow 16 + 8k = 0 \Rightarrow 8k = -16 \Rightarrow k = -2$$

$$k_2 = 2(10)^2 - 4(10) - k = 0 \Rightarrow 200 - 40 - k = 0 \Rightarrow k = 160$$

$$k_3 = 2(x+10)^2 - 4(x+10) - k = 0 \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 40x + 200 - 4x - 40 - k = 0$$

$$2x^2 + 36x + 160 - k = 0 \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 36x + 160 - 2x^2 + 4x = 0 \Rightarrow 40x + 160 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(-4)^2 - 4(-4) - k = 0 \Rightarrow 32 + 16 = k \Rightarrow k = 48$$

$$-2 + 160 + 48 = 206 \text{ Answer Choice D.}$$

22. Since the equation has a cubed x term and a cubed constant term (216), we can find a factor of $x^3 + kx^2 - 54x + 216 = 0$ by using this information. Since both the x cubed term and the 216 are positive, according to the rule of factoring cubes, we use the cube root of x cubed and the cube root of 216 as a factor $(x+6)$. Using this as a factor, we can use -6 as a root. Using synthetic division, we get the quadratic $x^2 - 15x + 36$. Factoring this quadratic we get $(x-3)(x-12)$. So, now we have $(x-3)(x+6)(x-12) = 0$. The roots are in a geometric progression with a common ratio of -2. The value of k is the sum of the roots which is $3 + 12 - 6 = 9$. Since k is positive, we must take the opposite of the answer, which is -9. **Answer choice C.**

$$23. 6x + 8y + 31 + 4y^2 - 6x - 8y - 67 = 0$$

$$4y^2 - 36 = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 - 9 = 0 \Rightarrow y = \pm 3$$

Since we have two solutions, we will get four points, which are the vertices of the trapezoid. Plugging the values of y into either of the equations we get the points (3,11), (3, -5), (-3, 7), and (-3,-1). Using the points to find the area, we find the area to be 72. **Answer choice A.**



24. If a complex number in the form of $a + bi$, where $a, b \neq 0$, the complex number, multiplied by its conjugate will always be a real, positive number. **Answer choice A.**

25. The sample space is the number of ways the 8 people can be situated around the table which is $7!$. The number of satisfying situations can be found by initially treating the couples as single people. That gives $5!$ arrangements which is multiplied by four as each couple can be seated in two ways. $= \frac{4 * 5!}{7!} = \frac{2}{21}$. **B**

26.
$$\sqrt{ab} \geq \frac{a+b}{2} \Rightarrow ab \geq \frac{(a+b)^2}{4} \Rightarrow 0 \geq \frac{(a+b)^2}{4} - \frac{4ab}{4}$$

$$0 \geq \frac{(a-b)^2}{4}$$

So, evaluating each case using the above formula we find that

- I. false when $a = b = 1$
- II. false when $a = b = 2$
- III. false when $a = b = 1$
- IV. false when $a = b = 2$

Therefore the **answer choice is A.** (The question says which of the following must *always be true*.)

27. $180(n - 2) = 88560 \Rightarrow 180n - 360 = 88560 \Rightarrow 180n = 88920 \Rightarrow n = 494$. **Answer choice C.**

28. If the equilateral triangle has one side on the x -axis, the slopes of the sides of the equilateral triangle will equal 0. **Answer choice E.**

29. The number of ways you can choose a 5 letter word with a vowel in it is ${}_8C_2 = 28$. Of these combinations, you can have a 5 letter word with either of the two vowels (this is 2 combinations) or both vowels (this is 1 combination). To find the probability that the word contains at least one vowel, do $1 - \frac{3}{28} = \frac{25}{28}$. **Answer choice C.**

30. The number of the students who played only sports is equal to $45 - 20 - 7 - 1 = 17$. the number of students who played only musical instruments is equal to $34 - 20 - 6 - 1 = 7$. the number of students who participated only on academic teams is equal to $15 - 7 - 6 - 1 = 1$. Therefore, the number who did not do any of the three activities is equal to $100 - 17 - 7 - 1 - 20 - 6 - 7 - 1 = 41$ students. **Answer choice C.**