

Alpha Equations and Inequalities Topic Test

Note: For each problem, where there is no choice (e), assume (e) none of the above.

- Solve for k : $4k - 2(k - 1) = 12$ a) $\frac{5}{3}$ b) $\frac{7}{3}$ c) 3 d) 5
- If $x : y = 2 : 1$, find the value of $\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$
a) $\frac{3}{5}$ b) 2 c) $\frac{1}{3}$ d) cannot be determined
- Find the solution set for: $7p - 2(p - 3) \leq 5(2 - p)$
a) ϕ b) $(-\infty, 0.4]$ c) $(-\infty, 1]$ d) $\left(-\infty, \frac{8}{7}\right]$
- Express the solution in interval form for $5 \leq 2x - 3 \leq 7$.
a) $[1, 2]$ b) $(-\infty, 1] \cup [2, \infty)$ c) $(-\infty, 4] \cup [5, \infty)$ d) $[4, 5]$
- Solve for r : $\frac{5}{3r} - 10 = \frac{3}{2r}$. a) $-\frac{1}{12}$ b) $-\frac{9}{50}$ c) 60 d) $\frac{1}{60}$
- A baseball player threw a ball that traveled according to the equation $h(t) = 9.8t + 1.1 - 4.9t^2$ where h = height in meters and t = time in seconds. What is the maximum height reached by the ball?
a) 1 m b) 3.8 m c) 6m d) 15.8m
- For what values of x and y is the following true? $(2 - i) + 4x + yi = 6 + 3i$
a) (1, 4) b) (-1, -4) c) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -1\right)$ d) $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1\right)$
- Solve for the only positive solution to $\left(x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right) = 16$
a) $32\sqrt[3]{2}$ b) 16 c) 8 d) 4
- Find the solution set for: $x^2 + 3x - 4 \leq 0$
a) $[-4, 1]$ b) $[-1, 4]$ c) $(-\infty, -4] \cup [1, \infty)$ d) $(-\infty, -1] \cup [4, \infty)$

10. Solve for the solution set: $-3x + \frac{-6+3}{-3} > -8x \div \frac{4 \div 2}{-6 \div 3}$

a) $x < \frac{1}{11}$ b) $x > \frac{1}{11}$ c) $x < -\frac{1}{6}$ d) $x > -\frac{1}{6}$

11. Using only one solution, round to the nearest degree to solve for θ given:
 $\sin^2 \theta - 0.3 \sin \theta - 0.4 = 0$ where $0 \leq \theta < 360$. a) -1 b) 1 c) 30 d) 53

12. Solve for f: $A = \frac{24f}{B(p+1)}$.

a) $\frac{24}{A} - Bp - 1$ b) $\frac{AB(p+1)}{24}$ c) $\frac{ABp-1}{24}$ d) $ABp + \frac{1}{24}$

13. Find the length of a line segment defined as part of the line $2x - y = 12$ between the x and y axes. a) 12 b) 12.490 c) 13.416 d) 18

14. Find the value for n if $3 + 3^2 + 3^3 + \dots + 3^n = 9840$ and $S_n = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$.

a) 8 b) 9 c) 10 d) 11

15. The value, in dollars, of a diamond is directly proportional to the square of its mass. If a diamond, worth \$6300 is 200 mg, what is the mass of a diamond worth \$25,200?
 a) 450 mg b) 600 mg c) 725 mg d) 800mg

$$0.25x + 0.4y + 0.2z = 22$$

16. Given the system: $0.4x + 0.2y + 0.3z = 28$, find the values for x, y and z.
 $0.3x + 0.2y + 0.1z = 18$

a) (30, 20, 35) b) (30, 20, 40) c) (40, 15, 30) d) (40, 20, 20)

17. Solve for y: $\frac{y}{y-2} = \frac{y^2+3y}{y^2-4} - \frac{3}{y+2}$

a) $-\frac{3}{2}$ b) -2 c) 3 d) no real solution

18. Which points are NOT on the circle defined by the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 25$?

I (0,25) II (-5,0) III (12.5,12.5) IV (3,-4) V $(-2\sqrt{2}, 4)$

a) I & III b) III & V c) II & IV d) I, III & V

19. Given: $\begin{cases} y \geq 5 \\ 2 \leq x \leq 7 \\ y - x \leq 40 \end{cases}$ and a profit equation of $P = 3x + y$, find the coordinates that will maximize the profit. a) (2,42) b) (7,47) c) (2,45) d) (7,49)
20. Solve for x: $5^{(\log_5 x - \log_5 2)} = 4$. a) 2 b) 4 c) 6 d) 8
21. The period of the graph of $y = \tan\left(\frac{1}{3}\theta\right)$ is:
a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ b) 3π c) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ d) 6π
22. Express the solution in interval notation: $\frac{3}{x+2} > \frac{2}{x-4}$
a) $(16, \infty)$ b) $(-2, 4) \cup (16, \infty)$ c) $\left(-\infty, -\frac{8}{5}\right); x \neq -2$ d) $(-\infty, -2) \cup (4, \infty)$
23. Find the values for which $f(x) = g(x)$ given $f(x) = \sqrt{3x} + 1$ and $g(x) = x + 1$.
a) -1 b) 0 c) 3 d) $\{0, 3\}$
24. How much money, A, does Sasha need to invest today at 9% compounded annually in order to have \$5000 in 8 years if the situation is modeled by: $8\log 1.09 + \log A = \log 5000$?
a) \$2500 b) \$2510 c) \$2550 d) \$3700
25. Find the sum of the roots given $x^3 - 7x + 6 = 0$. a) -6 b) 0 c) 6 d) 7
26. Solve for x over the Reals: $x^4 + 6x^2 - 40 = 0$
a) ± 2 b) $\pm 2, \pm\sqrt{10}$ c) -10, 4 d) ϕ
27. A calculator manufacturer predicts that the number, N, of calculators sold when x thousand of dollars are spent on advertising is given by $N = 2275 + 10000 \ln(x+1)$. How much advertising money must be spent to sell 62,583 calculators?
a) \$ 9.99 X 10^{499} b) \$ 7803.75 c) \$ 415.05 d) \$ 7.97
28. Find the solution set for $-3|x| + 6 \leq 12$.
a) $(-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$ b) $[-2, 2]$ c) no solution d) all real numbers
29. Find the solution set: $2^{x^2} = 32(2^{4x})$. a) 0, 20 b) -1 c) 5 d) -1, 5

30. Find the solution for $x^3 + 6x^2 - x - 5 < 1$.
 a) $(-6, 0] \cup (1, 5)$
 b) $(-\infty, -6) \cup (0, 5)$ c) $(-6, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$ d) $(-\infty, -6) \cup (-1, 1)$
31. The equations of the sides of quadrilateral ABCD are: AB: $x+6y=15$ BC: $4x - y=10$
 DC: $3x+7y= -8$ AD: $x - y= -6$. Which vertex(ices) would give a sum of zero if you added its x and y coordinates?
 a) A & B b) B & C c) C & A d) D & A
32. For what value(s) of p does the equation have real and unequal roots?
 $5x^2 - (p-1)x + 1 = 0$
 a) $p > 1+2\sqrt{5}$ b) $p > 1+2\sqrt{5}$ or $p < 1 - 2\sqrt{5}$ c) $p > 3$ d) $p > 1 \pm 2\sqrt{5}$
33. Given $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$, find the value of $\sum_{i=1}^{50} 5i$. a) 255 b) 1275 c) 3275 d) 6375
34. Solve for a, given $(a+6)({}_{10}C_8) - 3(5!) = (a-2)({}_5P_2)$
 a) 2 b) 5.2 c) 7 d) 14.08
35. Determine the exact real root, r, given $r \sqrt[3]{32} - \sqrt[3]{2} = \sqrt[3]{250} - \sqrt[3]{4r^3}$
 a) $\sqrt[3]{4}$ b) $\sqrt[3]{7}$ c) $2\sqrt[3]{2}$ d) $7\sqrt[3]{4}$

TIEBREAKER: Solve for x: $\frac{11^x (7^{2x+3})}{3^{1-x} (2^{4x-1})} = 5^x$

**Alpha—Equations and Inequalities
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Answer Key

1. d
2. a
3. b
4. d
5. d
6. c
7. a
8. d
9. a
10. a
11. d
12. b
13. c
14. a
15. d
16. c
17. c
18. d
19. b
20. d
21. b
22. b
23. d
24. b
25. b
26. a
27. c
28. d
29. d
30. d
31. c
32. b
33. d
34. a
35. a

TIEBREAKER: -1.807